we are seeing a deal cut by a President that has gone around the country and a Vice President that has gone around the country talking about the evils of teenaged smoking, something I agree with.

On the one hand, the President and the Vice President have excoriated the tobacco companies, have talked about how the tobacco companies market to children, and on the other hand, on an unrelated trade deal, the administration seems to have cut a deal on tobacco in order to get the vote of one Member of Congress.

Mr. Speaker, I called the White House and could not get a copy of this memo. So we placed calls to the American Cancer Society, the Coalition for Tobacco-Free Kids, the Heart Association, and several other public health groups to try to get a copy of this memo. Nobody has been able to, except supposedly this Congressman that has made this deal with the President.

I think, Mr. Speaker, that when the American people find out about this, that on a trade deal, on an unrelated trade deal, the President of the United States and the Vice President of the United States, both people who have led the charge against teenage smoking, and I admire them for that, I respect them for that, I applaud them for that, they have turned around and cut a deal in order to get an unrelated fast track trade bill through the Congress, I think that the American people will be outraged when they hear this, when they hear that this kind of deal has been cut simply to get a vote on the floor of Congress on an unrelated trade bill.

Again, Mr. Speaker, the President and the Vice President have led this country admirably, have moved forward in a very positive way in exposing the evils of teenage smoking. They have, through our subcommittee and through other committees in Congress, helped to lead the charge in eradicating smoking among teenagers, and have played a very positive role in helping people stop smoking in this country. Yet, they turn around and do this.

I think, Mr. Speaker, that we will see a torrent of calls to the White House wanting to know more about this deal, wanting to know what exactly has happened. When does this kind of deal-making stop?

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BRADY). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. TRAFICANT] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. TRAFICANT addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. PORTMAN] is recognized for 5 minutes.

## IN RECOGNITION OF DAVID E.

Mr. PORTMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the remarkable work of David E. Larkin on behalf of Cincinnati's Dan Beard Council of the Boy Scouts of America.

David's achievements in Greater Cincinnati Scouting are both extraordinary and numerous, and I would like to cite just a few examples.

He has provided outstanding leadership, motivation, and direction in the development of the Dan Beard Council's Executive Board, one of the most philanthropic youth service organizations in the Greater Cincinnati and Northern Kentucky area.

More than 1,000 "at risk" young people in the Greater Cincinnati area have had the opportunity to experience the cherished values of Scouting thanks to Challenge Camp, which David created.

David's imagination and creativity brought into being "The Scout Family Jamboree," an event attracting some 45,000 attendees show-casing not only Scouting, but many community activities and events.

Through his exceptional leadership and global vision, David has provided the catalyst for the approval of a comprehensive \$14.5 million Camp Re-Development Capital Campaign to construct a 25-acre lake, Cub World, and Boy Scout camp to serve the Dan Beard Council well into the 21st century.

David has provided the leadership, quality standards, the means and methods necessary to expand the scouting program in Southwest Ohio and Northern Kentucky to annually involve a record 65.000 youth and adults.

David's work in Scouting has also enabled him to be involved in other vital community programs. He has worked to enrich the relationships of scouting with the United Way and Community Chest, which has helped increase awareness and funding for these highly worthwhile service organizations. In addition, David has successfully initiated a positive alliance between the Boy Scouts and the Greater Cincinnati, Northern Kentucky Schools and educational institutions, resulting in expansive growth in "Learning for Life" and Career Explorer programs.

David has been asked to be the new Chief Executive of the Atlanta Boy Scout Council, and will soon be leaving the Cincinnati Dan Beard Council, on which he has so ably served. We in Cincinnati will certainly hate to lose David, but his selfless dedication and tireless work on behalf of Scouting and our community will not be forgotten. We wish him the

## TRANSFER OF SPECIAL ORDER TIME

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to claim the special order time of the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. POSHARD].

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

## THE RECIPROCAL TRADE AGREEMENT AUTHORITIES ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gen-

tleman from Illinois [Mr. DAVIS] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in opposition to fast track. Mr. Speaker, the labor movement has always been the home of the American worker. It has been the safe haven for the American dream. But today we are in a time of conflict. There are contemptuous winds blowing in the direction of the American worker.

I have always believed that democracy vests its rights in the living person: one person, one vote. However, the economic markets recognize only money, not people: one dollar, one vote. These markets give no choice to the workers or their families. When the market seeks solely to make a profit, it is an instrument of oppression. It is an instrument which allows the few to monopolize society's resources, leaving the less fortunate without health care, jobs, and other means of livelihood.

Some say that the opponents of fast track would stop United States participation in the global economy and threaten our Nation's jobs. Supporters say fast track helps our country stay competitive and maintain a strong economy by ending unfair trade barriers imposed by foreign governments.

Throughout my public career I have always been an advocate for equality and fairness, but I recognize the difference between fairness and laissez faire-ness. This trade agreement will only consider corporate interest deals, while efforts to improve the conditions of workers' rights are muffled.

According to a University of Illinois study, the city of Chicago lost 80,000 manufacturing jobs between the years 1980 and 1990. These jobs were jobs that enabled workers to purchase homes, pay college tuition, participate in the American dream. At present, my district has recently lost five industries to other countries, leaving 704 workers unemployed and jobless.

Mr. Speaker, markets are important institutions, and they have an essential place in any democratic society, as long as these markets function within the framework of democratically determined rules and public safeguards.

I am in support of American competitiveness and want a democratically fair playing ground for all of our country's companies. But there is nothing democratic about giving jobs to other countries. There is nothing democratic about reducing American workers' benefits and wages. There is nothing democratic about environmental deregulation, and there is nothing democratic about ignoring the rights of thousands of workers for the approval of a few companies.

## A. Phillip Randolph once said:

At the banquet table of life, there are no reserved seats. You get what you can take, and you keep what you can hold. If you can't take anything, you won't get anything, and